TREE IDENTIFICATION

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UGA WARNELL SCHOOL OF FORESTRY AND NATURAL RESOURCES



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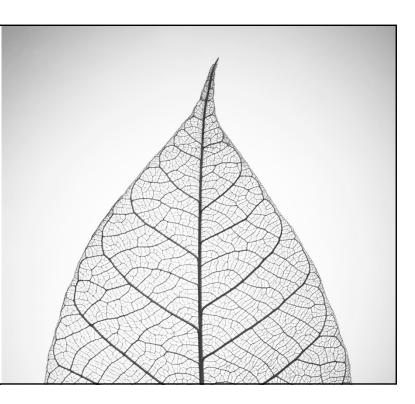
TREE IDENTIFICATION (ID) = SEARCHING FOR CLUES

AUTUMN ID: LEAVES, FRUIT, BARK

3

ID OF TREES USING LEAVES

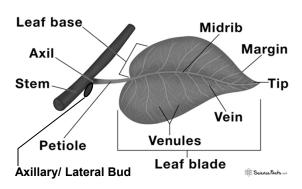
- Leaf type
- Leaf arrangement on stem
- Leaf margin
- Leaf surface



(1) TYPE: SIMPLE LEAF



Parts of a Leaf



SIMPLE LEAF: leaf with a single blade.

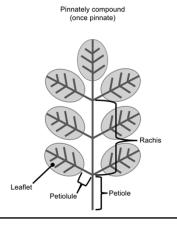
5

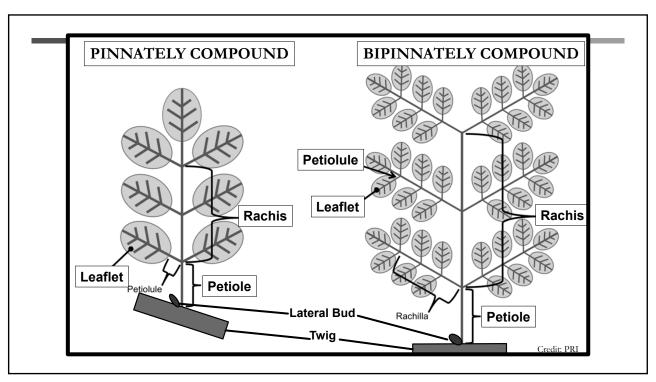
(2) TYPE: COMPOUND LEAF

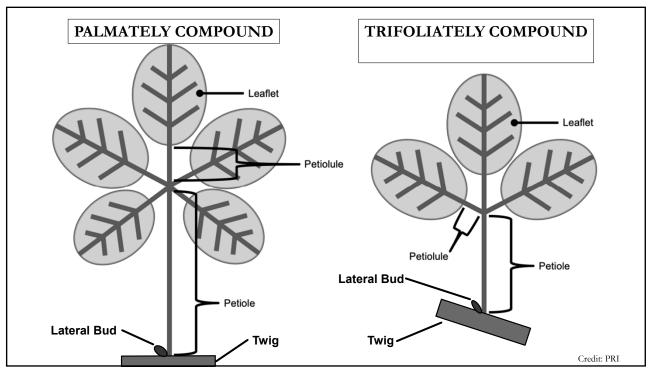
COMPOUND LEAF: leaf with ≥ 2 blades attached to common stalk

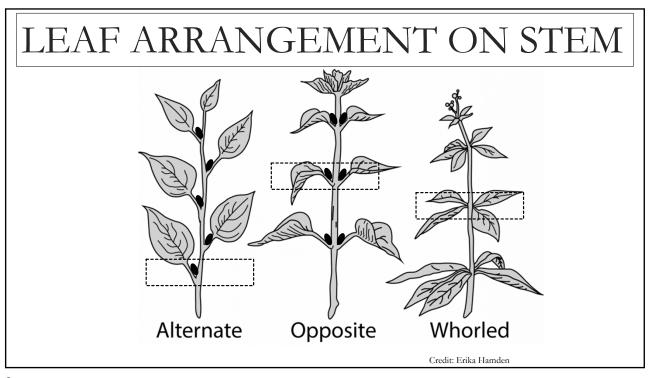
THREE MAIN COMPUND LEAF TYPES:

- 1. Pinnately compound
 - Pinnately compound (once pinnate)
 - Bipinnately compound (twice pinnate)
 - o Tripinnately compound (thrice pinnate)
- 2. Palmately compound
- 3. Trifoliolately compound

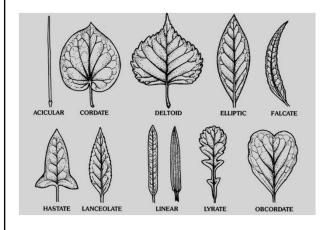


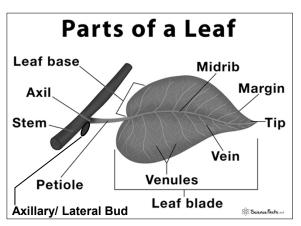




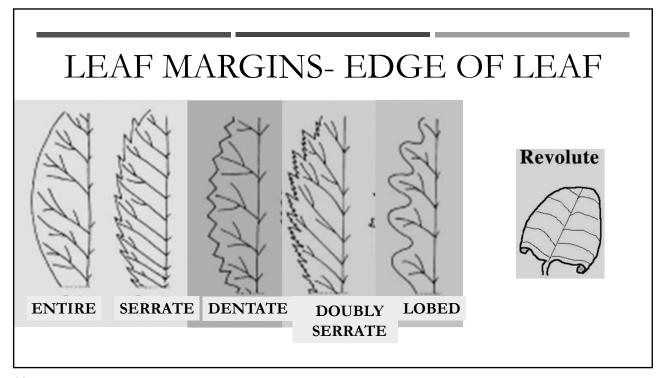


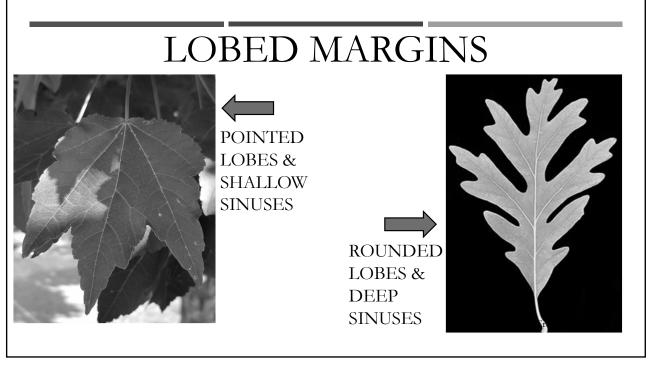
LEAF SHAPE - VARIABLE!

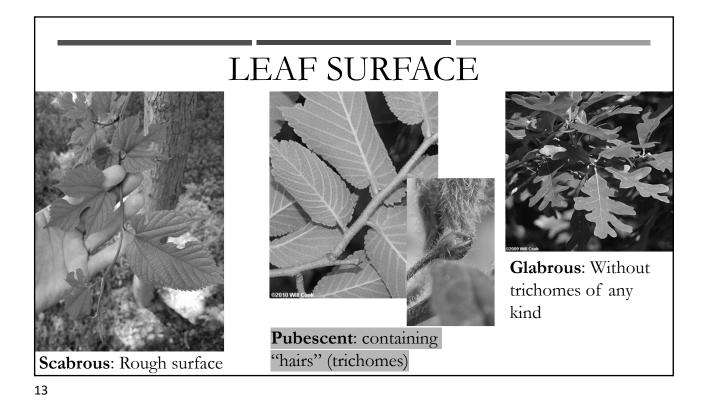


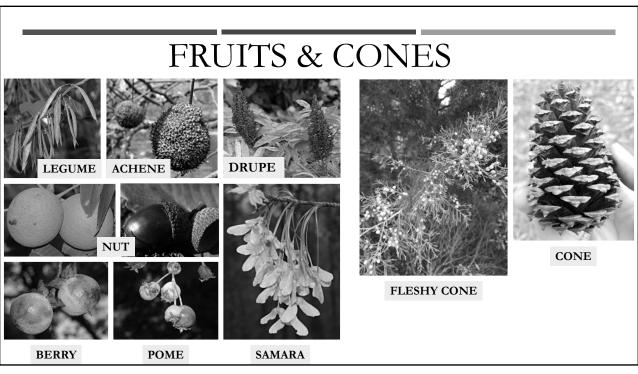


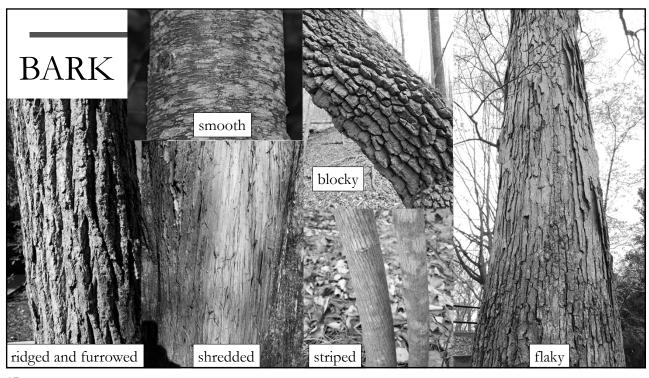
Much variation in tip, base, width, length, petiole, and more.











RESOURCES & QUESTIONS:

Additional Resources:

Carolina Nature website: https://www.carolinanature.com/trees/
Native Trees of the Southeast by Kirkman et.al., 2007
Trees of Alahama by Samuelson, 2020
Identifying Selected Oak Trees in Georgia by Campbell and Gordon, 2020: https://bugwoodcloud.org/resource/files/18522.pdf

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